

iA Financial Corporation Inc.

Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial StatementsFor the Second Quarter of 2021

As at June 30, 2021 and 2020



Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

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Consolidated Income Statements

		Quarters (Six months ended June 30					
(unaudited, in millions of dollars, unless otherwise indicated)		2021		2020		2021		2020		
Revenues										
Premiums										
Gross premiums	\$	3,360	\$	2,319	\$	6,979	\$	5,269		
Premiums ceded		(256)		(206)		(500)		(401		
Net premiums (Note 17)		3,104		2,113		6,479		4,868		
Investment income (Note 5)										
Interest and other investment income		331		308		681		751		
Change in fair value of investments		1,399		3,847		(2,501)		2,547		
		1,730		4,155		(1,820)		3,298		
Other revenues		510		416		1,016		856		
		5,344		6,684		5,675		9,022		
Policy benefits and expenses		0,011		0,001		0,0.0		- 0,022		
Gross benefits and claims on contracts		1,633		1,220		4,257		2,833		
Ceded benefits and claims on contracts		(165)		(137)		(340)		(271		
Net transfer to segregated funds		845		524		1,256		1,212		
Increase (decrease) in insurance contract liabilities		1,789		4,018		(2,031)		3,316		
Increase (decrease) in investment contract liabilities		7		21		(7)		22		
Decrease (increase) in reinsurance assets		(72)		(19)		(18)		(94		
,		4,037		5,627		3,117		7,018		
Commissions		517		395		1,046		836		
General expenses		430		369		868		781		
Premium and other taxes		37		27		70		60		
Financing charges		19		19		37		36		
- manaling analysis		5,040		6,437		5,138		8,731		
Income before income taxes		304		247		537		291		
Income taxes (Note 16)		69		52		128		50		
Net income	\$	235	\$	195	\$	409	\$	241		
Net income attributed to participating policyholders	Ψ	(1)	Ψ	7	Ψ	(6)	Ψ	8		
Net income attributed to shareholders	\$	236	\$	188	\$	415	\$	233		
Dividends attributed to preferred shares issued by a subsidiary (Note 12)	······································	5	Ψ	5	-	11	Ψ	11		
Net income attributed to common shareholders	\$	231	\$	183	\$	404	\$	222		
Net income attributed to common shareholders	φ	231	Ψ	103	Ψ	404	Ψ			
Earnings per common share (in dollars) (Note 18)										
Basic	\$	2.16	\$	1.71	\$	3.77	\$	2.07		
Diluted		2.15		1.71		3.76		2.07		
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (in millions of units) (Note 18)										
Basic		107		107		107		107		
Diluted		108		107		108		107		
Dividends per common share (in dollars) (Note 11)		0.49		0.49		0.97		0.97		

Consolidated Comprehensive Income Statements

	Quarters June		8	Six months June	 ı
(unaudited, in millions of dollars)	2021	2020		2021	2020
Net income	\$ 235	\$ 195	\$	409	\$ 241
Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes					
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to net income:					
Available for sale financial assets					
Unrealized gains (losses) on available for sale financial assets	28	145		(36)	27
Reclassification of losses (gains) on available for sale financial assets included in net income	(8)	(6)		(14)	(14)
	20	139		(50)	13
Net investment hedge					
Unrealized gains (losses) on currency translation in foreign operations	(31)	(56)		(62)	72
Hedges of net investment in foreign operations	20	59		37	(51)
	(11)	3		(25)	21
Cash flow hedge					
Unrealized gains (losses) on cash flow hedges	_	(49)		_	31
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to net income:					
Remeasurement of post-employment benefits	40	(125)		154	(56)
Total other comprehensive income	49	(32)		79	9
Comprehensive income	\$ 284	\$ 163	\$	488	\$ 250
Comprehensive income attributed to participating policyholders	(1)	7		(6)	8
Comprehensive income attributed to shareholders	\$ 285	\$ 156	\$	494	\$ 242

Income Taxes Included in Other Comprehensive Income

	Quarters (June :		Six months ended June 30				
(unaudited, in millions of dollars)	2021	2020		2021		2020	
Income tax recovery (expense) related to:							
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to net income:							
Unrealized losses (gains) on available for sale financial assets	\$ (11)	\$ (51)	\$	10	\$	(9)	
Reclassification of gains (losses) on available for sale financial assets included in net income	2	1		5		4	
Hedges of net investment in foreign operations	(3)	(10)		(6)		9	
Unrealized losses (gains) on cash flow hedges	_	(5)		_		(5)	
	(12)	(65)		9		(1)	
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to net income:							
Remeasurement of post-employment benefits	(14)	44		(55)		20	
Total income tax recovery (expense) included in other comprehensive income	\$ (26)	\$ (21)	\$	(46)	\$	19	

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

	As at June 30	As at December 31			
	2021		2020		
(in millions of dollars)	(unaudited)				
Assets					
Investments (Note 5)					
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 1,320	\$	1,949		
Bonds	31,821		32,099		
Stocks	3,584		3,286		
Mortgages and other loans	2,892		2,80		
Derivative financial instruments (Note 8)	761		1,652		
Policy loans	974		881		
Other invested assets	546		563		
Investment properties	1,877		1,916		
	43,775		45,147		
Other assets	4,083		3,261		
Reinsurance assets	2,057		1,981		
Fixed assets	378		390		
Deferred income tax assets	33		38		
Intangible assets	1,642		1,621		
Goodwill	1,192		1,224		
General fund assets	53,160		53,662		
Segregated funds net assets (Note 9)	35,837		32,804		
Total assets	\$ 88,997	\$	86,466		
Liabilities					
Insurance contract liabilities	\$ 34,444	\$	36,527		
Investment contract liabilities	562		575		
Derivative financial instruments (Note 8)	610		569		
Other liabilities	8,768		7,647		
Deferred income tax liabilities	422		382		
Debentures	1,449		1,449		
General fund liabilities	46,255		47,149		
Liabilities related to segregated funds net assets (Note 9)	35,837		32,804		
Total liabilities	\$ 82,092	\$	79,953		
Equity					
Share capital and contributed surplus	\$ 1,713	\$	1,694		
Preferred shares issued by a subsidiary (Note 12)	525		525		
Retained earnings and accumulated other comprehensive income	4,632		4,253		
Participating policyholders' accounts	35		41		
	6,905		6,513		
	·				

 $\label{thm:companying} \ \text{notes are an integral part of these Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements}.$

Consolidated Equity Statements

	As at June 30, 2021										
	Participa policyhold accol	lers'	Common shares	Preferred shares issued by a subsidiary	Contri	ibuted urplus	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive income		Total	
(unaudited, in millions of dollars)			(Note 11)	(Note 12				(Note 13)			
Balance as at December 31, 2019	\$	42	\$ 1,666	\$ 525	\$	18	\$ 3,823	\$ 56	\$	6,130	
Net income attributed to shareholders		_	_	_		_	633	_		633	
Net income attributed to participating policyholders' accounts		(1)	_	_		_	_	_		(1)	
Other comprehensive income		_	_	_		_	_	(27)		(27)	
Comprehensive income for the year		(1)	_	_		_	633	(27)		605	
Equity transactions											
Transfer of post-employment benefits		_	_	_		_	(54)	54		_	
Stock option plan		_	_	_	•	3	_	_		3	
Stock options exercised		_	_	_	•	(1)	_	_		(1)	
Common shares issued		_	9	_	•	_	_	_		9	
Redemption of common shares		_	(1)	_		_	(3)	_		(4)	
Dividends on common shares		_	_	_	•	_	(208)	_		(208)	
Dividends on preferred shares issued by a subsidiary		_	_			_	(22)			(22)	
Other		_	_	_		_	1	_		1	
		_	8	_	•	2	(286)	54		(222)	
Balance as at December 31, 2020		41	1,674	525	1	20	4,170	83		6,513	
Net income attributed to shareholders		_	_	_		_	415	_		415	
Net income attributed to participating policyholders' accounts		(6)	_			_	_	_		(6)	
Other comprehensive income		_	_	_		_	_	79		79	
Comprehensive income for the period		(6)				_	415	79		488	
Equity transactions											
Transfer of post-employment benefits		_	_	_	•	_	154	(154)		_	
Stock option plan		_	_	_	•	2	_	_		2	
Stock options exercised		_	_	_		(4)	_	_		(4)	
Common shares issued		_	21	_		_	_	_		21	
Dividends on common shares		_	_	_		_	(104)	_		(104)	
Dividends on preferred shares issued by a subsidiary		_	_	_		_	(11)	_		(11)	
		_	21	_		(2)	39	(154)		(96)	
Balance as at June 30, 2021	\$	35	\$ 1,695	\$ 525	\$	18	\$ 4,624	\$ 8	\$	6,905	

As at June 30, 2020

	713 at band 50, 2520											
	Particip policyho acc		Common shares	issue	eferred shares ed by a sidiary	Contri su	buted irplus		tained rnings	compret	nulated other nensive income	Total
(unaudited, in millions of dollars)			(Note 11)	(No	ote 12)					(N	ote 13)	
Balance as at December 31, 2019	\$	42	\$ 1,666	\$	525	\$	18	\$	3,823	\$	56	\$ 6,130
Net income attributed to shareholders		_	_		_		_		233		_	233
Net income attributed to participating policyholders' accounts		8	_		_		_		_		_	8
Other comprehensive income		_	-		_		_		_		9	9
Comprehensive income for the period		8	_		_		_		233		9	250
Equity transactions												
Transfer of post-employment benefits		_	_		_		_		(56)		56	_
Stock option plan		_	_		_		1		_		_	1
Stock options exercised		_	_		_		(1)		_		_	(1)
Common shares issued		_	7		_		_		_		_	7
Redemption of common shares		_	(1)		_		_		(3)		_	(4)
Dividends on common shares		_	_		_		_		(104)		_	(104)
Dividends on preferred shares issued by a subsidiary		_	_		_		_		(11)		_	(11)
Other		_	_		_		_		2		_	2
		_	6		_		_		(172)		56	(110)
Balance as at June 30, 2020	\$	50	\$ 1,672	\$	525	\$	18	\$	3,884	\$	121	\$ 6,270

Consolidated Cash Flows Statements

	Six months en June 30	ıded
(unaudited, in millions of dollars)	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities		
Income before income taxes	\$ 537	\$ 291
Financing charges	37	36
Income taxes paid, net of refunds	(133)	(55
Operating activities not affecting cash:	(/	, , ,
Increase (decrease) in insurance contract liabilities	(2,030)	3,426
Increase (decrease) in investment contract liabilities	(13)	24
Decrease (increase) in reinsurance assets	(107)	(125
Unrealized losses (gains) on investments	2,501	(2,544
Provisions for losses	12	37
Amortization of premiums and discounts	17	10
Other depreciation	226	116
Goodwill impairment (Note 15)		24
Gain on disposal of business		(16
Other items not affecting cash	42	12
Operating activities affecting cash:	72	12
Sales, maturities and repayments on investments	9,026	8,054
Purchases of investments	(10,898)	(7,812
Realized losses (gains) on investments	(10,090)	(22)
Other items affecting cash	407	(286
<u> </u>		
Net cash from (used in) operating activities Cook flows from investing activities	(391)	1,170
Cash flows from investing activities		/1 040
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash		(1,042
Disposal of business, net of cash	(402)	79
Sales (purchases) of fixed and intangible assets	(103)	(77
Net cash from (used in) investing activities	(103)	(1,040
Cash flows from financing activities		
Issuance of common shares	17	6
Redemption of common shares (Note 11)	_	(4
Issuance of debentures (Note 10)		398
Reimbursement of lease liabilities ¹	(11)	(17
Dividends paid on common shares	(104)	(104
Dividends paid on preferred shares issued by a subsidiary	(11)	(11
Interest paid on debentures	(21)	(16
Interest paid on lease liabilities	(2)	(2
Net cash from (used in) financing activities	(132)	250
Foreign currency gains (losses) on cash	(3)	(1
Increase (decrease) in cash and short-term investments	(629)	379
Cash and short-term investments at beginning	1,949	1,108
Cash and short-term investments at end	\$ 1,320	\$ 1,487
Supplementary information:		
Cash	\$ 1,225	\$ 943
Short-term investments	95	φ 543 544
Total cash and short-term investments	\$ 1,320	\$ 1,487

¹ For the six months ended June 30, 2021, lease liabilities, presented in *Other liabilities* in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position, include an amount of \$3 (\$18 for the six months ended June 30, 2020) of non-affecting cash items, mostly attributable to new liabilities.

Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 (unaudited) (in millions of dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

1> General Information

iA Financial Corporation Inc. (iA Financial Corporation) is a holding company listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange and incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act* (Quebec). iA Financial Corporation and its subsidiaries (the "Company") offer a wide range of life and health insurance products, savings and retirement plans, mutual funds, securities, mortgages, auto and home insurance, creditor insurance, replacement insurance, replacement warranties, extended warranties and other ancillary products for dealer services and other financial products and services. The Company's products and services are offered on both an individual and group basis and extend throughout Canada and the United States.

The Company's Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (the "Financial Statements") are prepared on the basis of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). These Financial Statements do not contain all the information required in a complete annual financial statement and should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2020, which are included in the 2020 Annual Report. The significant accounting policies used to prepare these Financial Statements are consistent with those found in the 2020 Annual Report, except for items mentioned in Note 3.

Publication of these Financial Statements was authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on July 29, 2021.

2 > Impacts of COVID-19 Pandemic

Since the beginning of 2020, the spread of the COVID-19 virus, elevated to a pandemic by the World Health Organization (WHO) on March 11, 2020, has caused turbulence in the financial markets, resulted in economic uncertainty and disrupted the activities of the business community and citizens. The COVID-19 pandemic has forced governments to implement exceptional measures to slow the progression of this crisis. Governments and central banks implemented significant monetary and fiscal interventions to stabilize economic conditions. The risk management program established by the Company made it possible, since the beginning of the pandemic, to mitigate the negative effects of this crisis on its results. The initiatives deployed by the Company help to ensure the continuity of all of its activities, while protecting the health and the safety of its employees. More detailed information regarding the pandemic's impact on the valuation of the Company's assets and liabilities as at December 31, 2020, is provided in the Financial Statements as at that date, which are included in the 2020 Annual Report, in Note 2, section b) "Important Estimates, Assumptions, Judgments and Impacts of COVID-19 Pandemic".

At this time, it is impossible to reliably assess the duration and extent of the impacts that the pandemic could have on the Company's future financial results, due to uncertainties still prevailing as at June 30, 2021. The significant estimates, assumptions and judgments made by management in the preparation of these Financial Statements take into account these uncertainties.

As at December 31, 2020, during the annual assumption review, the Company increased the *Insurance contract liabilities* to take into account the temporary rise in mortality and the lapse assumptions for certain policies, both caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. For the six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company paid benefits that were related to the pandemic and has consequently reduced the *Insurance contract liabilities*.

The effect of the pandemic on the results for the six months ended June 30, 2021, are not significant.

Actual results could differ from best estimates, as mentioned in Note 2, section b) "Important Estimates, Assumptions, Judgments and Impacts of COVID-19 Pandemic" of the Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2020, which are included in the Company's 2020 Annual Report.

3 Changes in Accounting Policies

New Accounting Policies Applied

These standards or amendments apply to financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2021.

Standards or amendments Description of the standards or amendments and impacts on financial statements of the Company Description: On September 12, 2016, the IASB published an amendment to IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts. This amendment, Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts, provides two options to entities applying IFRS 4: the deferral approach is an optional temporary exemption from applying IFRS 9 until January 1, 2021 for entities whose predominant activity is issuing contracts within the scope of IFRS 4; the overlay approach permits entities to adopt IFRS 9 but adjust some of the impacts arising from designated financial assets, those being assets related to the insurance contract liabilities. On June 25, 2020, the IASB published an amendment to IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts to extend the deferral approach until January 1, 2023.

Status: The Company met all criteria and chose the deferral approach, as described below in the section "Information on the Deferral of the Application of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments". The Company will apply IFRS 9 only to financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

iA Financial Group – iA Financial Corporation Inc.

IFRS 16 Leases

Description: On May 28, 2020, the IASB published an amendment to IFRS 16 Leases. The amendment COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions exempts lessees from having to consider individual lease contracts to determine whether rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic are lease modifications and allows lessees to account for such rent concessions as if they were not lease modifications. It applies to COVID-19-related rent concessions that reduce lease payments due on or before June 30, 2021. This amendment applies retrospectively.

On March 31, 2021, the IASB published an amendment to IFRS 16 Leases. The amendment COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 extends the practical relief regarding COVID-19-related rent concessions until June 30, 2022.

Impact: No impact on the Company's financial statements.

IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures, IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts and IFRS 16 Leases

Description: On August 27, 2020, the IASB published an amendment to IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures, IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts and IFRS 16 Leases. The amendment, Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2, clarifies the requirements related to financial assets, financial liabilities and lease liabilities, specific hedge accounting requirements, and disclosure requirements of financial instruments when an existing interest rate benchmark is replaced. This amendment applies on a modified retrospective basis.

Impact: No impact on the Company's financial statements.

Future Changes in Accounting Policies

Standards or amendments are presented on the basis of their publication date unless a more relevant approach allows for better information.

Standards or amendments

Description of the standards or amendments

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

The Company adopted the amendment to IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts described in the section "New Accounting Policies Applied". Consequently, even if the provisions of IFRS 9 applied to financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2018, the Company will apply these provisions simultaneously to the application of the standard IFRS 17.

Description: On July 24, 2014, the IASB published the standard IFRS 9 Financial Instruments which replaces the provisions of the standard IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The standard IFRS 9:

- requires financial assets to be measured at amortized cost or at fair value on the basis of the entity's business model for managing assets;
- changes the accounting for financial liabilities measured using the fair value option;
- proposes a new accounting model related to the recognition of expected credit losses, requiring the entity to recognize expected credit losses on financial assets using current estimates of expected shortfalls in cash flows on those instruments as at the reporting date:
- modifies the hedge accounting model, which aims to present in the financial statements the effect of risk management activities

The provisions of the new standard IFRS 9 will apply retrospectively or on a modified retrospective basis.

On October 12, 2017, the IASB published an amendment to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. The amendment Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation enables entities to measure at amortized cost some prepayable financial assets with so-called negative compensation.

On August 27, 2020, the IASB published an amendment to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. The amendment, Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2, clarifies among other things the requirements related to financial assets, financial liabilities and specific hedge accounting requirements when an existing interest rate benchmark is replaced.

Status: The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this standard on its financial statements.

IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

Description: On May 18, 2017, the IASB published the standard IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts which replaces the provisions of the standard IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts. The standard IFRS 17:

- has an objective to ensure that an entity provides relevant information that faithfully represents those contracts and gives a basis for users of financial statements to assess the effect that insurance contracts have on the financial position, income statement and cash flows statement;
- establishes the principles for recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure;
- defines a general model and a variable fee approach applicable to all insurance contracts and reinsurance contracts to measure the insurance contract liabilities;

 defines a specific model for contracts of one year or less.
 The provisions of the new standard IFRS 17 will apply retrospectively to each group of insurance contracts and, if and only if impracticable, an entity shall apply the modified retrospective or fair value approach to financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2021. Early adoption is permitted if IFRS 9 Financial Instruments and IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers are previously applied.

On June 25, 2020, the IASB published an amendment to IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts that clarifies different subjects and that postpones the effective date to financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

Status: The Company is currently evaluating the impact on presentation, disclosure and measurement of the insurance contract liabilities that this standard will have on its financial statements.

Description: On January 23, 2020, the IASB published an amendment to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. The

Statements amendment concerns the classification of liabilities as current or non-current and only affects the presentation of liabilities in the statement of financial position, and not the amount or timing of recognition of any asset, liability income or expense, or the information that entities disclose about those items. The provisions of this amendment will apply retrospectively to financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2022. Early adoption is permitted. On July 15, 2020, the IASB published an amendment to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements that postpones the effective date to financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2023. Status: The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this amendment on its financial statements. IAS 16 Property, Plant and Description: On May 14, 2020, the IASB published an amendment to IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment. The amendment clarifies the accounting for the net proceeds from selling any items produced while bringing an item of property, plant and equipment into use. The provisions of this amendment will apply retrospectively to financial statements Equipment beginning on or after January 1, 2022. Early adoption is permitted. Status: The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this amendment on its financial statements. Description: On May 14, 2020, the IASB published an amendment to IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets. The amendment clarifies that for the purpose of assessing whether a contract is onerous, the cost of fulfilling the contract includes both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling the contract. The provisions of this amendment will apply on a modified retrospective basis to financial IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets statements beginning on or after January 1, 2022. Early adoption is permitted. Status: The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this amendment on its financial statements. Description: On May 14, 2020, the IASB published an amendment to IFRS 3 Business Combinations. The amendment updates the reference to the Conceptual Framework and adds an exception to its requirement for an entity to refer to the IFRS 3 Business Combinations Conceptual Framework to determine what constitutes an asset or a liability. The exception specifies that, for some types of liabilities and contingent liabilities, an entity applying IFRS 3 should instead refer to IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets. The provisions of this amendment will apply prospectively to financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2022. Early adoption is permitted. Status: The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this amendment on its financial statements. Description: On May 14, 2020, the IASB published the Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle. The Annual Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle Improvements clarify situations specific to four standards: IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards related to the fact that a subsidiary that becomes a first-time adopter later than its parent is allowed to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported by its parent, based on the parent's date of transition to IFRSs; IFRS 9 Financial Instruments related to the fact that only fees paid or received between the entity and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the entity or the lender on the other's behalf, are included when the entity applies the '10 per cent' test in assessing whether to derecognize a financial liability; IFRS 16 Leases related to Illustrative Example 13 accompanying IFRS 16 that removes from the example the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements by the lessor in order to resolve any potential confusion; IAS 41 Agriculture related to the fact that an entity no longer excludes taxation cash flows when measuring the fair value of a biological asset using a present value technique to ensure consistency with the requirements in IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement. The provisions of IFRS 1, IFRS 9, and IAS 41 will apply prospectively to financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2022. Early adoption is permitted. The Annual Improvement to IFRS 16 only regards an illustrative example, so this is applicable immediately. Status: The Company is currently evaluating the impact of these improvements on its financial statements. Description: On February 12, 2021, the IASB published an amendment to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. The amendment Disclosure of Accounting Policies requires entities to disclose their material accounting policy information IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements rather than their significant accounting policies. The provisions of this amendment will apply prospectively to financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2023. Early adoption is permitted. Status: The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this amendment on its financial statements. IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes Description: On February 12, 2021, the IASB published an amendment to IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors. The amendment Definition of Accounting Estimates introduces the definition of in Accounting Estimates and Errors accounting estimates and clarifies the distinction between a change in accounting estimate and a change in accounting policy. The provisions of this amendment will apply prospectively to financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2023. Early adoption is permitted. Status: The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this amendment on its financial statements. Description: On May 7, 2021, the IASB published an amendment to IAS 12 Income Taxes. The amendment Deferred Tax IAS 12 Income Taxes related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction clarifies the accounting for deferred tax on transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences on initial recognition, such as with leases and decommissioning obligations. The provisions of this amendment will apply on a modified retrospective basis to financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2023. Early adoption is permitted. Status: The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this amendment on its financial statements.

IAS 1 Presentation of Financial

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Information on the Deferral of the Application of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

The Company applies IFRS 4 *Insurance Contracts* in its operations. This standard was amended in 2016 to allow entities that apply IFRS 4 to defer the application of IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* if total liabilities for insurance activities represent more than 90% of the entity's total liabilities. This calculation is made as of the closing date preceding April 1, 2016, the calculation date identified in the standard.

For this calculation, the Company primarily considered insurance contract liabilities, investment contract liabilities, liabilities related to segregated funds net assets and debentures as at December 31, 2015. Liabilities related to its insurance activities are greater than 90% of total liabilities.

The Company has decided to defer the application of IFRS 9 until IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts is adopted. IFRS 17 includes the measurement principles of these policies. If the Company had applied IFRS 9, this would not have had a significant impact on the classification of financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement given the very close relationship between invested assets and insurance contract liabilities. For financial assets classified as loans and receivables, held to maturity or available for sale as at June 30, 2021, an amount of \$867 (\$948 as at December 31, 2020) would not have met the solely payments of principal and interest test in accordance with IFRS 9. In addition, for mortgages, the Company could not have used the low credit risk exemption in the calculation of expected credit losses.

4 > Acquisition and Disposal of Businesses

Acquisition of Businesses

On January 10, 2020, the Company announced that it acquired 100% of the shares of three Canadian companies specializing in vehicle warranties: WGI Service Plan Division Inc. and WGI Manufacturing Inc. (collectively "WGI") as well as Lubrico Warranty Inc. WGI wholesale manufactures and administrates chemical protection products for the automobile industry through independent dealers across Canada. As for Lubrico Warranty Inc., it sells car warranties through used vehicle dealerships across Canada (except in the province of Quebec). As at December 31, 2020, the allocation of the acquisition price process was completed for these acquisitions.

On May 22, 2020, the Company acquired 100% of the shares of IAS Parent Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively "IAS"). IAS is one of the largest independent providers of solutions in the U.S. vehicle warranty market. IAS provides a comprehensive portfolio of vehicle warranties and related software and services sold through one of the industry's broadest and most diverse distribution networks in the U.S. market. As at March 31, 2021, the allocation of the acquisition price process was completed for this acquisition, and the adjustments made in the final allocation did not have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

Disposal of Business

On June 1, 2020, the Company sold a subsidiary, iA Investment Counsel Inc., to CWB Financial Group. The sale reflects the Company's decision to focus on serving wealth management needs of high-net-worth Canadians exclusively through its expanding network of independent, entrepreneur-owned investment advisory practices.

5) Invested Assets and Investment Income

a) Carrying Value and Fair Value

As at June	30, 2021
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			,	 10 30, 202	•				
(in millions of dollars)	air value through it or loss	vailable for sale	Held to naturity	ans and eivables		Other	Total	Fa	air value
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 421	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 899	\$	_	\$ 1,320	\$	1,320
Bonds									
Governments	12,035	1,999	379	110		_	14,523		
Municipalities	1,212	293	_	39		_	1,544		
Corporate and other	10,912	2,306	_	2,536		_	15,754		
	24,159	4,598	379	2,685		_	31,821		32,105
Stocks									
Common	1,965	61	_	_		_	2,026		
Preferred	233	513	_	_		_	746		
Stock indexes	89	7	_	_		_	96		
Investment fund units	708	8	_	_		_	716		
	2,995	589	_	_		_	3,584		3,584
Mortgages and other loans									
Insured mortgages									
Multi-residential	_	_	_	1,367		_	1,367		
Non-residential	_	_	_	5		_	5		
	_	_	_	1,372		_	1,372		
Conventional mortgages									
Multi-residential	41	_	_	191		_	232		
Non-residential	30		_	256			286		
	71	_	_	447		_	518		
Other loans			_	1,002			1,002		
	71	_	_	2,821		_	2,892		2,983
Derivative financial instruments	761	_	_	_		_	761		761
Policy loans	_	_	_	974		_	974		974
Other invested assets	_	104	_	4		438	546		546
Investment properties	_	_	_	_		1,877	1,877		1,906
Total investments	\$ 28,407	\$ 5,291	\$ 379	\$ 7,383	\$	2,315	\$ 43,775	\$	44,179

As at December 31, 2020

Cash and short-term investments 8 31 — — \$ 1,118 — \$ 1,949 Bonds Bovernments 12,729 1,855 494 117 — 15,195 Municipalities 1,306 205 — 40 — 1,561 Corporate and other 10,923 1,952 — 40 — 1,563 Corporate and other 10,923 1,952 — 40 — 15,363 Both Corporate and other 10,923 1,952 — 40 — 15,363 Corporate and other 10,923 1,952 — 40 — 15,363 Both Corporate and other 1,774 50 — — — 1,824 Preferred 233 506 — — — 1,824 Preferred 233 506 — — — 68 Investment fund units 623 32 — — — 655 <	Fair value	ı	Total	Other	ins and ivables	Held to	vailable for sale	ir value through or loss	t	(in millions of dollars)
Governments 12,729 1,855 494 117 — 15,195 Municipalities 1,306 205 — 40 — 1,551 Corporate and other 10,923 1,952 — 2,478 — 15,353 Comporate and other 10,923 1,952 — 2,478 — 15,353 Comporate and other 10,923 1,952 — 2,478 — 15,353 Stock — 24,958 4,012 494 2,635 — 32,099 Stock — — — — 1,824 Preferred 233 506 — — — — 182 Stock indexes 61 7 — — — 685 Investment fund units 623 32 — — — 685 Mortgages and other loans — — — — 1,379 — — 1,379 Non-residential<	\$ 1,949	\$	1,949	\$ _	\$ 1,118	\$ - \$	_	\$ 831	\$	\$ Cash and short-term investments
Municipalities 1,306 205 — 40 — 1,551 Corporate and other 10,923 1,952 — 2,478 — 15,353 Corporate and other 10,923 1,952 — 2,478 — 15,353 Stocks — 494 2,635 — 32,099 Stocks — — — — 1,824 Preferred 233 506 — — — 739 Stock indexes 61 7 — — — 68 Investment fund units 623 32 — — — 655 Investment fund units 623 32 — — — 658 Mortgages and other loans —										Bonds
Corporate and other 10,923 1,952 — 2,478 — 15,353 Stocks Stocks Stock or Preferred 233 506 — — — 1,824 Preferred 233 506 — — — 739 Stock indexes 61 7 — — — 68 Investment fund units 623 32 — — — 655 Mortgages and other loans — — — — — 3,286 Multi-residential — — — — — 3,286 Mon-residential — — — — — 3,286 Conventional mortgages — — — — — — — 1,379 — — 1,379 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>15,195</td><td>_</td><td>117</td><td>494</td><td>1,855</td><td>12,729</td><td></td><td>Governments</td></td<>			15,195	_	117	494	1,855	12,729		Governments
Stocks 4,012 494 2,635 — 32,099 Stocks Common 1,774 50 — — — 1,824 Preferred 233 506 — — — 739 Stock indexes 61 7 — — — 68 Investment fund units 623 32 — — — 655 Mortgages and other loans — — — — — 655 Multi-residential — — — — — 1,379 Non-residential — — — 5 — 5 Multi-residential 48 — — 200 — 248 Non-residential 48 — — 200 — 248 Non-residential 48 — — 200 — 248 Non-residential 48 — — 226 — 259			1,551	_	40	_	205	1,306		Municipalities
Stocks Common 1,774 50 — — — 1,824 Preferred 233 506 — — — 739 Stock indexes 61 7 — — — 68 Investment fund units 623 32 — — — 655 Mortgages and other loans Insured mortgages — — — — 3,286 Multi-residential — — — — 1,379 — 1,379 Non-residential — — — 5 — 5 — 5 Multi-residential 48 — — 200 — 248 Non-residential 48 — — 200 — 248 Non-residential 33 — — 226 — 259 Other loans — — — — — 507			15,353	_	2,478	_	1,952	10,923		Corporate and other
Common 1,774 50 — — — 1,824 Preferred 233 506 — — — 739 Stock indexes 61 7 — — — 68 Investment fund units 623 32 — — — 655 Mortgages and other loans Insured mortgages — — — — — 3,286 Multi-residential — — — — — 1,379 — 1,379 Non-residential — — — 5 — 5 — 5 — 5 — 5 — 5 — 5 — 5 — 5 — 5 — 5 — 5 — 5 — 5 — 5 — 5 — 5 — 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	32,501		32,099		2,635	494	4,012	24,958		
Preferred 233 506 — — — 739 Stock indexes 61 7 — — 68 Investment fund units 623 32 — — — 655 Mortgages and other loans Insured mortgages Multi-residential — — — 1,379 — 1,379 Non-residential — — — 1,384 — — 1,384 Conventional mortgages — — — 1,384 — — 248 Non-residential 48 — — 200 — 248 Non-residential 48 — — 200 — 248 Non-residential 33 — — 200 — 259 Other loans — — — — 200 — 2,801 Derivative financial instruments 1,652 — — — — —										Stocks
Stock indexes 61 7 — — — 68 Investment fund units 623 32 — — — 655 Mortgages and other loans Insured mortgages — — — — — 1,379 — 1,379 Non-residential — — — — 5 — 5 Conventional mortgages — — — 1,384 — — 1,384 Conventional mortgages — — — 200 — 248 Non-residential 48 — — 200 — 248 Non-residential 33 — — 226 — 259 Other loans — — — — 910 — 910 Derivative financial instruments 1,652 — — — — — 2,801 Dolicy loans — — — —			1,824	_	_	_	50	1,774		Common
Investment fund units 623 32 — — — 655 Mortgages and other loans Insured mortgages Multi-residential — — — 1,379 — 1,379 Non-residential — — — 5 — 5 Conventional mortgages — — — 1,384 — 1,384 — 1,384 Non-residential 48 — — 200 — 248 Non-residential 33 — — 226 — 259 Other loans — — — 910 — 910 Other investied instruments 1,652 — — — — 1,652 Policy loans — — — — — 1,652 Policy loans — — — — — — 1,652			739	_	_	_	506	233		Preferred
Mortgages and other loans Insured mortgages Multi-residential — — — — 1,379 — 1,379 Non-residential — — — 5 — 5 Conventional mortgages — — — 1,384 — — 1,384 Multi-residential 48 — — 200 — 248 Non-residential 33 — — 226 — 259 Other loans — — — 910 — 910 Derivative financial instruments 1,652 — — — — 1,652 Policy loans — — — 881 — — — 1,652 Other invested assets — — — — — 4 436 563			68	_	_	_	7	61		Stock indexes
Non-residential A			655			_	32	623		 Investment fund units
Nulti-residential	3,286		3,286			_	595	2,691		
Multi-residential — — — 1,379 — 1,379 Non-residential — — — 5 — 5 Conventional mortgages — — — 1,384 — — 200 — 248 Non-residential 48 — — 200 — 248 Non-residential 33 — — 226 — 259 Other loans — — — 426 — 507 Other loans — — — 910 — 910 Derivative financial instruments 1,652 — — — — 1,652 Policy loans — — — 881 — 881 Other invested assets — 123 — 4 436 563										Mortgages and other loans
Non-residential — — — 5 — 5 Conventional mortgages — — — 1,384 — 1,384 Multi-residential 48 — — 200 — 248 Non-residential 33 — — 226 — 259 81 — — 426 — 507 Other loans — — — 910 — 910 Derivative financial instruments 1,652 — — — — 1,652 Policy loans — — — 881 — 881 Other invested assets — 123 — 4 436 563										Insured mortgages
Conventional mortgages Multi-residential 48 − − 200 − 248 Non-residential 33 − − 226 − 259 81 − − 426 − 507 Other loans − − − 910 − 910 Derivative financial instruments 1,652 − − − 2,720 − 2,801 Policy loans − − − 881 − 881 − 881 Other invested assets − 123 − 4 436 563			1,379	_	1,379	_	_	_		Multi-residential
Conventional mortgages Multi-residential 48 — — 200 — 248 Non-residential 33 — — 226 — 259 81 — — 426 — 507 Other loans — — — 910 — 910 B1 — — 2,720 — 2,801 Derivative financial instruments 1,652 — — — — 1,652 Policy loans — — — 881 — 881 Other invested assets — 123 — 4 436 563			5	_	5	_				 Non-residential
Multi-residential 48 — — 200 — 248 Non-residential 33 — — 226 — 259 81 — — 426 — 507 Other loans — — — 910 — 910 B1 — — — 2,720 — 2,801 Derivative financial instruments 1,652 — — — — 1,652 Policy loans — — — 881 — 881 Other invested assets — 123 — 4 436 563			1,384	_	1,384	_	_	_		
Non-residential 33 — — 226 — 259 81 — — 426 — 507 Other loans — — — 910 — 910 B1 — — 2,720 — 2,801 Derivative financial instruments 1,652 — — — — 1,652 Policy loans — — — 881 — 881 Other invested assets — 123 — 4 436 563										Conventional mortgages
Other loans 81 — — 426 — 507 Other loans — — — 910 — 910 81 — — 2,720 — 2,801 Derivative financial instruments 1,652 — — — — 1,652 Policy loans — — — 881 — 881 Other invested assets — 123 — 4 436 563			248	_	200	_	_	48		Multi-residential
Other loans — — — 910 — 910 81 — — 2,720 — 2,801 Derivative financial instruments 1,652 — — — — 1,652 Policy loans — — — 881 — 881 Other invested assets — 123 — 4 436 563			259	_	226	_		33		Non-residential
81 — 2,720 — 2,801 Derivative financial instruments 1,652 — — — — 1,652 Policy loans — — — 881 — 881 Other invested assets — 123 — 4 436 563			507	_	426	_	_	81		
Derivative financial instruments 1,652 — — — — 1,652 Policy loans — — — 881 — 881 Other invested assets — 123 — 4 436 563			910	_	910	_				Other loans
Policy loans — — — 881 — 881 Other invested assets — 123 — 4 436 563	2,935		2,801	_	2,720	_		81		
Other invested assets — 123 — 4 436 563	1,652		1,652	_	_	_	_	1,652		Derivative financial instruments
	881		881	_	881	_	_	_		Policy loans
Investment properties 1,916 1,916	563		563	436	4	_	123	_		Other invested assets
	1,943		1,916	1,916	_	_				Investment properties
Total investments \$ 30,213 \$ 4,730 494 \$ 7,358 \$ 2,352 \$ 45,147	\$ 45,710	\$	45,147	\$ 2,352	\$ 7,358	\$ 494 \$	4,730	\$ 30,213	\$	\$ Total investments

The majority of bonds and stocks, designated at fair value through profit or loss, are assets used by the Company to match insurance contract liabilities and investment contract liabilities. The change in the fair value of financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss is therefore reflected in insurance contract liabilities and investment contract liabilities.

The At fair value through profit or loss category includes securities held for trading, mainly derivative financial instruments and short-term investments, as well as securities designated at fair value through profit or loss.

Other invested assets are made up of bonds and investment units which represent restricted investments, notes receivable and investments in associates and joint ventures. Bonds and fund units are classified as available for sale. Notes receivable are classified as loans and receivables. Investments in associates and joint ventures, accounted for using the equity method, are presented in the *Other* column.

b) Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

The Company holds interests ranging from 25% to 50% as at June 30, 2021 and as at December 31, 2020. The carrying value of these investments as at June 30, 2021 is \$438 (\$436 as at December 31, 2020). The share of net income and comprehensive income for the six months ended June 30, 2021 amounts to \$9 (\$7 for the six months ended June 30, 2020).

c) Investment Income

	Quarters June		Six months June :	d
(in millions of dollars)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Interest and other investment income				
Interest	\$ 249	\$ 244	\$ 502	\$ 563
Dividends	28	24	74	83
Derivative financial instruments	3	_	6	(3)
Rental income	46	47	95	106
Gains (losses) realized	9	8	15	22
Variation in provisions for losses	(2)	(17)	(12)	(37)
Other	(2)	2	1	17
	331	308	681	751
Change in fair value of investments				
Cash and short-term investments	_	1	_	3
Bonds	914	2,284	(1,883)	2,175
Stocks	120	61	205	(138)
Mortgages and other loans	(1)	(5)	(3)	6
Derivative financial instruments	394	1,548	(790)	576
Investment properties	(11)	(38)	(13)	(71)
Other	(17)	(4)	(17)	(4)
	 1,399	3,847	(2,501)	2,547
Total investment income	\$ 1,730	\$ 4,155	\$ (1,820)	\$ 3,298

6 > Fair Value of Financial Instruments and Investment Properties

a) Methods and Assumptions Used to Estimate Fair Values

Fair value is the consideration that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Management exercises its judgment to determine the data that will be used to measure the fair value of financial assets and liabilities, particularly for financial instruments classified as Level 3. Fair value of various categories of financial instruments and investment properties is determined as described below.

Financial Assets

Short-Term Investments - Carrying value of these investments represents the fair value due to their short-term maturity.

Bonds – Bonds are valued based on quoted price, observed on active markets for identical or similar assets. If prices are not available on active markets, fair value is estimated using current valuation methods, including a model based on discounting expected cash flows or other similar techniques. These methods take into account current data observable on the market for financial instruments that have similar risk profiles and comparable terms. The significant data used in these models include, but are not limited to, rate curves, credit risk, issuer spread, volatility and liquidity valuation, and other reference data published by the market. Management makes its best estimates when such data are not available.

Stocks – Stocks are valued based on quote price, observed on active markets. If the price is not available on the active markets, fair value is determined using equity valuation models, which analyze the fair value of the net asset, and other techniques that rely on comparisons with reference data, such as market indices. Investment fund units are evaluated at the net asset value published by the fund manager.

Mortgages and Other Loans – The fair value of mortgages and other loans is estimated by discounting the cash flows with the interest rates currently prevailing on the market for loans with substantially the same credit risk and terms.

Derivative Financial Instruments – Fair value of derivative financial instruments is determined according to the type of derivative financial instrument. Fair value of derivative financial instruments, such as futures contracts and options traded on the stock exchanges is determined in accordance with quoted prices on active markets. Derivative financial instruments that are traded over the counter are valued using valuation models such as actualized cash flow analysis and other valuation models used on the market. These valuations are based on observable data on the market, including interest rates, foreign exchange rates, financial indices, rate differentials, credit risk and volatility.

Among derivative financial instruments, certain other derivative contracts are subject to trading restrictions. In such situations, an illiquidity premium based on data that are not observable on the market is used to ascertain the fair value of these derivative financial instruments. While these data are not observable, they are based on assumptions deemed appropriate given the circumstances. Once the restricted trading period ends, the instruments are valued using standard valuation models based on data observable on the market, as described previously. The Company's use of non-observable data is limited to the trading restrictions period, and their effect on the fair value of derivative financial instruments does not represent a significant amount.

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Policy Loans – Policy loans are carried at amortized cost. They are guaranteed and may be reimbursed at any time. Their fair value approximates their carrying value due to their nature.

Other Invested Assets – The fair value of other invested assets is determined according to the type of invested assets. Fair value of notes receivable and investments in associates and joint ventures is approximately the same as the carrying value due to the nature of these elements. Bonds which are restricted investments are valued based on quoted price, observed on active markets for identical or similar assets. If prices are not available on active markets, fair value is estimated using current valuation methods, including a model based on discounting expected cash flows or other similar techniques. These methods take into account current data observable on the market for financial instruments that have similar risk profiles and comparable terms. The significant data used in these models include, but are not limited to, rate curves, credit risk, issuer spread, volatility and liquidity valuation, and other reference data published by the market. Management makes its best estimates when such data are not available. Investment fund units which are restricted investments are evaluated at the net asset value published by the fund manager.

Other Assets - The fair value of the other financial assets is approximately the same as the carrying value due to their short-term nature.

Investment Properties

The fair value of investment properties is determined using various recognized methods and standards of assessment in the real estate sector. Among these methods, the income approach is the most commonly used, as it is based on an investor's behaviour in relation to income expected to be generated by an investment property. Under this approach, discounting of the cash flows generated by an investment property is preferred as it measures the relationship between the market value and the reasonably discounted incomes over an investment horizon. Expected cash flows include contractual and projected income as well as the investment property's operating expenses. These cash flows reflect the interest, rental and occupancy rates established based on market studies, rental income expected from leases in effect and estimates of future cash inflows, including revenues projected for future leases, and estimates of future cash inflows made according to the current market circumstances. Future lease rates are estimated based on the location, current type and quality of the building, and market data and projections as of the date of the valuation. Fair values are usually compared to market information, including recent transactions for similar assets to verify their reasonableness. Highest and best use is one of the possible valuation methods. Highest and best use of a site is an integral part of the process to establish the fair value of an investment property. This use is the one that, at the time of the appraisal, provides the highest fair value for the investment property. As a result, this use is determined by considering possible physical use that is legally admissible, financially feasible and achievable in the short term based on demand, and must be tied to the likelihood of being achieved rather than to the simple possibility. Assessments are carried out by external independent appraisers on an annual basis or by qualified Company personnel quarterly.

Financial Liabilities

Derivative Financial Instruments – The fair value of derivative financial instruments recorded as financial liabilities is presented in Note 8 "Derivative Financial Instruments" and is equal to the carrying amounts reported in the negative fair value column. The fair value is determined according to the method and assumptions previously described in the "Financial Assets" section.

Other Liabilities – The fair value of other liabilities, except short-selling securities, securitization liabilities and mortgage debt, is approximately the same as the carrying value due to their short-term nature.

Short-selling securities, classified as held for trading, are measured using the observed market prices in active markets for identical or similar financial instruments. If quoted prices in active markets are not available, fair value is estimated using standard methods of assessment, such as a model based on discounted future cash flows or similar techniques. These methods take into account the current observable market data for financial instruments with a similar risk profile and comparable terms. The significant data used in these models include, but are not limited to, yield curves, credit risks, issuer spreads, volatility and liquidity valuation and other reference data published by the markets.

The fair value of securitization liabilities and mortgage debt is estimated by discounting cash flows with the interest rates currently prevailing on the market for new debts with substantially the same terms.

The fair value of the mortgage debt is \$74 (\$76 as at December 31, 2020). The mortgage debt is secured by an investment property with a carrying value of \$168 (\$174 as at December 31, 2020), bearing interest of 3.143% and maturing on May 1, 2022. The interest expense on the mortgage debt is \$1 (\$1 for the six months ended June 30, 2020).

Debentures – The fair value of debentures classified as financial liabilities at amortized cost is estimated using a valuation model that takes into account instruments on the market that have substantially the same conditions. This fair value can fluctuate due to interest rates and credit risks associated with these instruments.

b) Hierarchy of the Fair Value

Disclosures regarding financial instruments and investment properties must be presented as a hierarchy that categorizes the inputs to valuation models used to measure the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to readily available unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and lowest priority to unobserved inputs. The three levels of the hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Valuation based on quoted prices in active markets (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities. Stocks traded on the market, among other things, are classified in Level 1.
- Level 2 Valuation model based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable on the market for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Most bonds, short-term investments and certain derivative financial instruments are classified in Level 2.
- Level 3 Valuation model based on valuation techniques that use largely unobservable market parameters and that reflect management's best estimates. Most private placements are classified in Level 3.

If a financial instrument classified as Level 1 subsequently ceases to be actively traded, it is reclassified into Level 2. If the measurement of its fair value requires the use of significant unobservable inputs, it is directly reclassified into Level 3.

Assets

	As at June 30, 2021										
(in millions of dollars)	Lev	el 1	Level 2		Level 3		Total				
Recurring fair value measurements											
Cash and short-term investments											
Held for trading	\$	_ ;	\$ 421	\$	_	\$	421				
Bonds											
Designated at fair value through profit or loss											
Governments	1,	156	10,879		_		12,035				
Municipalities		_	1,212		_		1,212				
Corporate and other		_	10,719		193		10,912				
	1,	156	22,810		193		24,159				
Available for sale											
Governments		227	1,772		_		1,999				
Municipalities		_	293		_		293				
Corporate and other		_	2,306		_		2,306				
		227	4,371				4,598				
	1,	383	27,181		193		28,757				
Stocks											
Designated at fair value through profit or loss	1,	407	_		1,588		2,995				
Available for sale		198	340		51		589				
	1,	605	340		1,639		3,584				
Mortgages and other loans											
Designated at fair value through profit or loss		_	71		_		71				
Derivative financial instruments											
Held for trading		183	575		3		761				
Other invested assets											
Available for sale		16	88		_		104				
Investment properties		_	_		1,877		1,877				
General fund investments recognized at fair value	3,	187	28,676		3,712		35,575				
Segregated funds financial instruments and investment properties	27,	922	7,489		320		35,731				
Total financial assets at fair value	\$ 31,	109	\$ 36,165	\$	4,032	\$	71,306				

iA Financial Group – iA Financial Corporation Inc.

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As at December 31, 2020

			As a	at Decembe	er 31, 2	2020	
(in millions of dollars)	Le	evel 1		Level 2		Level 3	Total
Recurring fair value measurements							
Cash and short-term investments							
Held for trading	\$	_	\$	831	\$	_	\$ 831
Bonds							
Designated at fair value through profit or loss							
Governments		420		12,309		_	12,729
Municipalities		_		1,306		_	1,306
Corporate and other		_		10,783		140	10,923
		420		24,398		140	24,958
Available for sale							
Governments		248		1,607		_	1,855
Municipalities		_		205		_	205
Corporate and other		_		1,952		_	1,952
		248		3,764		_	4,012
		668		28,162		140	28,970
Stocks							
Designated at fair value through profit or loss		1,247				1,444	2,691
Available for sale		187		365		43	595
		1,434		365		1,487	3,286
Mortgages and other loans							
Designated at fair value through profit or loss		_		81		_	81
Derivative financial instruments							
Held for trading		433		1,216		3	1,652
Other invested assets							
Available for sale		76		47		_	123
Investment properties		_		_		1,916	1,916
General fund investments recognized at fair value		2,611		30,702		3,546	36,859
Segregated funds financial instruments and investment properties	25	5,065		7,365		264	32,694
Total financial assets at fair value	\$ 2	7,676	\$	38,067	\$	3,810	\$ 69,553

There were no transfers from Level 1 to Level 2 during the six months ended June 30, 2021 (\$564 for the year ended December 31, 2020). Transfers for the year ended December 31, 2020 were related to segregated funds financial instruments and resulted from the application of a fair value adjustment for events that took place after the market close but before the valuation date. There were no transfers from Level 2 to Level 1 during the six months ended June 30, 2021 (\$564 for the year ended December 31, 2020). Transfers for the year ended December 31, 2020 were related to segregated funds financial instruments.

Transfers from Level 2 to Level 3 during the six months ended June 30, 2021 amount to \$28 (\$10 for the year ended December 31, 2020). These transfers are from bonds designated at fair value through profit or loss. For some of these bonds the fair value is measured at the quoted market price obtained through brokers who estimate the fair value of these financial instruments. However, the price of these bonds has remained unchanged for more than 30 days which, according to the Company's internal policy, results in a transfer. For the remaining bonds, the fair value is now measured using unobservable inputs.

Transfers from Level 3 to Level 2 during the six months ended June 30, 2021 amount to \$2 (\$7 for the year ended December 31, 2020). These transfers are from bonds designated at fair value through profit or loss. The fair value of these bonds is measured at the quoted market price obtained through brokers who estimate the fair value of these financial instruments. As at June 30, 2021 and as at December 31, 2020, the value of these bonds is based on a price obtained less than 30 days prior.

There were no transfers from Level 3 to Level 1 during the six months ended June 30, 2021 (\$7 for the year ended December 31, 2020). Transfers for the year ended December 31, 2020 were related to segregated funds financial instruments. The fair value of the transferred financial instruments was previously determined using internal valuation models that required the use of assumptions, including one main assumption that was not observable in the market.

The Company uses unobservable inputs in the valuation of bonds and stocks classified into Level 3. Regarding bonds, unobservable inputs mainly correspond to credit and liquidity risk premiums ranging from 1.09% to 2.63% as at June 30, 2021 (1.30% to 2.43% as at December 31, 2020). Stocks classified into Level 3 are mainly valuated from information available in the financial statements of companies using models based on discounting expected cash flows as well as the use of multiples.

The main unobservable inputs used in the valuation of the investment properties as at June 30, 2021 are the discount rate, which is between 5.25% and 8.00% (5.25% and 8.00% as at December 31, 2020) and the terminal capitalization rate, which is between 4.25% and 7.25% (4.25% and 7.25% as at December 31, 2020). The discount rate is based on market activity by type of building and the location and reflects the expected rate of return to be realized on investments over the next 10 years. The terminal capitalization rate is based on market activity by type of building and the location and reflects the expected rate of return to be realized on investments over the remaining life after the 10-year period. If all other factors remain constant, a decrease (increase) in the discount rate and terminal capitalization rate will lead to an increase (decrease) in fair value of investment properties.

Due to the unobservable nature of the main data used to measure bonds, stocks and investment properties classified in Level 3, the Company does not assess whether the application of other assumptions would have an impact on fair value. Also, the investment properties as well as the bonds and stocks classified as designated at fair value through profit or loss support the insurance contract liabilities. Consequently, changes in the fair value of these assets are offset by changes in the corresponding insurance contract liabilities under the Canadian Asset Liability Method (CALM). Even if the Company were to use possible alternative assumptions affecting fair value, this would not have a significant impact on the Financial Statements.

The following table presents assets recognized at fair value evaluated according to Level 3 parameters:

Six months ended June 30, 2021

(in millions of dollars)	 ce as at nber 31, 2020	unre (lo	alized and alized gains osses) ded in ocome	Realized unreali gains (loss inclu in o comprehens inco	ized ses) ded ther	Purch	ases	s and nents	sfers into it of) vel 3	ce as at 0, 2021	gains (lo inc incor investr	luded in net ne on
Bonds												
Designated at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 140	\$	(7)	\$	_	\$	36	\$ (2)	\$ 26	\$ 193	\$	(8)
Stocks												
Designated at fair value through profit or loss	1,444		47		_		150	(53)	_	1,588		65
Available for sale	43		_		3		5	_	_	51		_
Derivative financial instruments												
Held for trading	3		1		_		_	(1)	_	3		1
Investment properties	1,916		(13)		_		6	(32)	_	1,877		(13)
General fund investments recognized at fair value	3,546		28		3		197	(88)	26	3,712		45
Segregated funds financial instruments and investment properties	264		8		_		56	(8)	_	320		8
Total	\$ 3,810	\$	36	\$	3	\$	253	\$ (96)	\$ 26	\$ 4,032	\$	53

iA Financial Group – iA Financial Corporation Inc.

(in millions of dollars)	Balanco Decemb		unre	alized and alized gains esses) ded in come	comprehen	ized ses) ided ither	Purch	nases	es and ments	sfers into ut of) vel 3	ce as at nber 31, 2020	gains (lo inco inco invest	in net me on
Bonds													
Designated at fair value through profit or loss	\$	129	\$	11	\$	_	\$	26	\$ (29)	\$ 3	\$ 140	\$	11
Available for sale		11		_		_		_	(11)	_	_		_
Stocks													
Designated at fair value through profit or loss		1,291		48		_		199	(94)	_	1,444		49
Available for sale		31		_		2		11	(1)	_	43		_
Derivative financial instruments													
Held for trading		_		3		_		_	_	_	3		3
Investment properties		2,077		(129)		_		28	(60)	_	1,916		(129)
General fund investments recognized at fair value		3,539		(67)		2		264	(195)	3	3,546		(66)
Segregated funds financial instruments and investment properties		90		10		_		181	(10)	(7)	264		10
Total	\$	3,629	\$	(57)	\$	2	\$	445	\$ (205)	\$ (4)	\$ 3,810	\$	(56)

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, an amount of \$6 (\$28 for the year ended December 31, 2020) presented in *Purchases* for investment properties corresponds to capitalizations to *Investment properties*. Also, *Sales and settlements* for investment properties do not include any transfers to fixed assets (none for the year ended December 31, 2020).

Realized and unrealized gains (losses) included in net income and Total unrealized gains (losses) included in net income on financial instruments still held are presented in the Investment income in the Income Statement, except the value of segregated funds assets, which is not presented in the Income Statement, but is included in the change in segregated funds net assets in Note 9 "Segregated Funds Net Assets". Realized and unrealized gains (losses) included in other comprehensive income are presented in Note 13 "Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income" in Unrealized gains (losses).

Fair Value Disclosed in the Notes

The Company classifies certain financial instruments as held to maturity or as loans and receivables. These financial instruments are measured at amortized cost and fair value is disclosed in the notes. The following table shows the hierarchy level of such fair values:

			A	s at June	30, 20	21		
(in millions of dollars)	Level 1			Level 2		Level 3		Total
Classified as held to maturity								
Bonds								
Governments	\$	_	\$	379	\$	_	\$	379
Total of assets classified as held to maturity		_		379		_		379
Classified as loans and receivables								
Bonds								
Governments		_		7		137		144
Municipalities		_		51		_		51
Corporate and other		_		188		2,586		2,774
		_		246		2,723		2,969
Mortgages and other loans		_		2,912		_		2,912
Total of assets classified as loans and receivables		_		3,158		2,723		5,881
Total of assets whose fair value is disclosed in the notes	\$	_	\$	3,537	\$	2,723	\$	6,260

As at December	31,	2020
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(in millions of dollars)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Classified as held to maturity				
Bonds				
Governments	\$ _	\$ 497	\$ _	\$ 497
Total of assets classified as held to maturity		497		497
Classified as loans and receivables				
Bonds				
Governments	_	8	148	156
Municipalities	_	54	_	54
Corporate and other	-	187	2,637	2,824
	_	249	2,785	3,034
Mortgages and other loans	_	2,854	_	2,854
Total of assets classified as loans and receivables		3,103	2,785	5,888
Total of assets whose fair value is disclosed in the notes	\$ _	\$ 3,600	\$ 2,785	\$ 6,385

Financial Liabilities

The following table presents financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and those whose fair value is disclosed in a note by hierarchy level:

(in millions of dollars) Recurring fair value measurements Other liabilities Held for trading Derivative financial instruments Held for trading Total of liabilities classified as held for trading	\$ 659 57 716	\$	Level 2 186	\$	evel 3	\$	Total
Other liabilities Held for trading Derivative financial instruments Held for trading	\$ 57	\$	186	\$	-	\$	
Held for trading Derivative financial instruments Held for trading	\$ 57	\$	186	\$	_	\$	
Derivative financial instruments Held for trading	\$ 57	\$	186	\$	_	\$	
Held for trading						<u>T</u>	845
<u>-</u>							
Total of liabilities classified as held for trading	716		517		36		610
	110		703		36		1,455
Classified at amortized cost							
Other liabilities							
Securitization liabilities	_		921		_		921
Mortgage debt	_		74		_		74
Debentures			1,503				1,503
Total of liabilities classified at amortized cost	\$ _	\$	2,498	\$	_	\$	2,498
		As a	at Decembe	er 31, 20	20		
(in millions of dollars)	Level 1		Level 2	L	evel 3		Total
Recurring fair value measurements							
Other liabilities							
Held for trading	\$ 65	\$	208	\$	_	\$	273
Derivative financial instruments							
Held for trading	220		310		39		569
Total of liabilities classified as held for trading	285		518		39		842
Classified at amortized cost							
Other liabilities							
Securitization liabilities	-		1,009		_		1,009
Mortgage debt	_		76		_		76
Debentures	_		1,528		_		1,528
Total of liabilities classified at amortized cost	\$ _	\$	2,613	\$	_	\$	2,613

7 Management of Risks Associated with Financial Instruments

a) Impairment of Financial Assets Classified as Available for Sale

During the six months ended June 30, 2021 and the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company did not reclassify any unrealized losses of stocks classified as available for sale from *Other comprehensive income* to *Investment income* in the Income Statement.

Since the financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss are matched, variations of fair value, other than those related to credit risk, are directly reflected in the *Increase (decrease) in insurance contract liabilities*, which prevents a disparity of the treatment in the net income. Only variations in the fair value related to credit events regarding cash flows would have an impact on the Company's net income.

The unrealized gains and losses on financial assets classified as available for sale and included in the Accumulated other comprehensive income are the following:

	As at June 30, 2021						As at December 31, 2020					
(in millions of dollars)	F	air value	_	ealized losses	U	nrealized gains	F	air value	Uni	ealized losses	Un	realized gains
Bonds												
Governments	\$	1,999	\$	(18)	\$	57	\$	1,855	\$	(1)	\$	81
Municipalities		293		(1)		7		205		_		10
Corporate and other		2,306		(13)		54		1,952		_		88
		4,598		(32)		118		4,012		(1)		179
Stocks		589		(2)		37		595		(10)		18
Other invested assets		104		_		2		123				4
Total	\$	5,291	\$	(34)	\$	157	\$	4,730	\$	(11)	\$	201

b) Credit Risk

Credit risk corresponds to the possibility that the Company will sustain a financial loss if a counterparty or a debtor does not meet its commitments.

b) i) Credit Quality Indicators Bonds by Investment Grade

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2021	Decembe	As at r 31, 2020
AAA	\$ 2,088	\$	1,916
AA	15,650		15,176
A	8,692		9,459
BBB	5,117		5,231
BB and lower	274		317
Total	\$ 31,821	\$	32,099

The Company prepares an assessment of the quality of the investment if the evaluation is not available from a credit rating agency. Bonds that have been internally evaluated represent an amount of \$2,142 as at June 30, 2021 (\$2,116 as at December 31, 2020).

Mortgages and Other Loans

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2021	December	As at 31, 2020
Insured mortgages	\$ 1,372	\$	1,384
Conventional mortgages	518		507
Other loans	1,002		910
Total	\$ 2,892	\$	2,801

The credit quality of mortgages and other loans is assessed internally, on a regular basis, when the review of the portfolio is made.

b) ii) Past Due or Impaired Financial Assets

Past Due Bonds, Mortgages and Other Loans

Bonds, mortgages and other loans are considered in arrears when the counterparty has not made a payment at a contractual date. Any loan on which contractual payments are in arrears for 90 days or more in the case of mortgages and 120 days or more in the case of other loans and which is not subject to a measure deployed by the Company to support its clients or in foreclosure is assumed to be impaired. Any loan in default which is not insured and fully guaranteed is generally impaired.

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					,			
(in millions of dollars)	Bonds classified as held to maturity		assified ans and eivables			Other loans		Tota
Gross values								
Not past due and not impaired	\$	379	\$ 2,668	\$	1,819	\$	996	\$ 5,862
Past due and not impaired								
30 – 89 days in arrears		_	_		_		25	25
90 – 119 days in arrears		_	_		_		4	4
120 days or more in arrears		_	_		_		1	1
Impaired		_	23		_		_	23
Total of gross values	\$	379	\$ 2,691	\$	1,819	\$	1,026	\$ 5,915
Specific provisions for losses		_	6		_		_	6
		379	2,685		1,819		1,026	5,909
Collective provisions for losses		_	_		_		24	24
Total of net values	\$	379	\$ 2,685	\$	1,819	\$	1,002	\$ 5,885
			Α	s at Decemb	er 31, 2020			
(in millions of dollars)		ssified held to naturity	lassified ans and eivables	classified	ortgages as loans eivables	Oth	er loans	Total
Gross values								
Not past due and not impaired	\$	494	\$ 2,604	\$	1,786	\$	903	\$ 5,787
Past due and not impaired								
30 – 89 days in arrears		_	_		24		29	53
90 – 119 days in arrears		_	_		-		4	4
120 days or more in arrears		<u> </u>	_		_		1	1
Impaired		_	 45		_		_	45
Total of gross values	\$	494	\$ 2,649	\$	1,810	\$	937	\$ 5,890

Foreclosed Properties

Total of net values

Specific provisions for losses

Collective provisions for losses

During the six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company did not take possession of any properties it held as collateral on mortgages (less than \$1 for the year ended December 31, 2020). Foreclosed properties that the Company still held at the end of the period are presented as real estate held for resale in Other Assets.

494

494

\$

14

1,810

1,810

937

27

910

2,635

2,635

\$

Specific Provisions for Losses

	As at June 30, 2021	December 3	As at 1, 2020
(in millions of dollars)	Bonds classified as loans and receivables		assified ans and eivables
Balance at beginning	\$ 14	\$	10
Variation in specific provisions for losses	(8)		4
Balance at end	\$ 6	\$	14

During the six months ended June 30, 2021, the specific provisions for losses did not vary for bonds classified as held to maturity, mortgages classified as loans and receivables and other loans (nor for the year ended December 31, 2020).

14

27

5,876

5,849

8 > Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company is an end user of derivative financial instruments in the normal course of managing exposure to fluctuations in interest rates, currency exchange rates and fair values of invested assets. Derivative financial instruments are financial contracts whose value is derived from underlying interest rates, exchange rates, other financial instruments or indexes.

The notional amount represents the amount to which a rate or price is applied to determine the cash flows to be exchanged periodically and does not represent direct credit exposure. Maximum credit risk is the estimated cost of replacing derivative financial instruments that have a positive value should the counterparty default. The maximum credit risk of derivative financial instruments as at June 30, 2021 is \$755 (\$1,648 as at December 31, 2020). The Company's exposure at the end of each reporting period is limited to the risk that a counterparty does not honour the terms of a derivative financial instrument.

1 01		•	,									
					As	at June 30	, 2021					
			N	otional ar	mount					Fair valu	ı e	
(in millions of dollars)	Less than 1	year	1 to 5	years	Over	5 years		Total	Po	sitive	Ne	gative
Equity contracts									58 \$ 41 61 01 46			
Swap contracts	\$	1,069	\$	14	\$	75	\$	1,158	\$	40	\$	(3)
Futures contracts		541		_		_		541		3		(3)
Options		5,061		-		_		5,061		189		(57)
Currency contracts												
Swap contracts		527		340		3,834		4,701		80		(183)
Forward contracts		5,366		580		_		5,946		98		(38)
Interest rate contracts												
Swap contracts		1,506		2,346		3,677		7,529		231		(188)
Forward contracts	•	1,453		1,706		_		3,159		117		(102)
Other derivative contracts		2		7		300		309		3		(36)
Total	\$ 15	5,525	\$	4,993	\$	7,886	\$	28,404	\$	761	\$	(610)
					As at	December	31, 2020)				
				lational or	mount					Fairvalu		

					As at	December	31, 2020)				
			1	Notional an			Fair value	е				
(in millions of dollars)	Less than	1 year	1 to	5 years	Over	5 years		Total	F	ositive	Ne	egative
Equity contracts												
Swap contracts	\$	735	\$	460	\$	87	\$	1,282	\$	35	\$	(3)
Futures contracts		660		_		_		660		1		(8)
Options		7,632		_		_		7,632		439		(215)
Currency contracts												
Swap contracts		510		367		3,345		4,222		136		(137)
Forward contracts		4,476		536		_		5,012		129		(18)
Interest rate contracts												
Swap contracts		1,093		3,169		4,845		9,107		538		(148)
Forward contracts		1,597		2,456		_		4,053		371		(1)
Credit risk contracts												
Swap contracts		_		2		_		2		_		_
Other derivative contracts		3		5		340		348		3		(39)
Total	\$	16,706	\$	6,995	\$	8,617	\$	32,318	\$	1,652	\$	(569)

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			-,		
	Notional amount		Fair valu	е	
(in millions of dollars)		Po	sitive	Ne	gative
Derivative financial instruments not designated as hedge accounting	\$ 25,869	\$	703	\$	(596)
Net investment hedge	1,575		46		(5)
Fair value hedges					
Interest risk	799		6		(9)
Currency risk	39		1		_
Cash flow hedges					
Currency risk	122		5		_
Total of derivative financial instruments	\$ 28,404	\$	761	\$	(610)

As at December 31, 2020										
Notional amount	Fair value)								
	Positive	Negativ								
\$ 29,733	\$ 1,580	\$ (54								
1,555	56	_								
860	10	(2								
30	1	-								
140	5	(
\$ 32,318	\$ 1,652	\$ (56								
	\$ 29,733 1,555 860 30	Notional amount Fair value Positive \$ 29,733 \$ 1,580 1,555 56 860 10 30 1 140 5								

Embedded Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company owns perpetual preferred shares with call options that give the issuer the right to redeem the shares at a predetermined price. Accounting standards require that the value of the call options be measured separately from the preferred shares. The value of the call options for embedded derivative financial instruments is determined using a valuation that relies predominantly on the volatility, quoted price on markets and characteristics of the underlying preferred shares. Embedded derivative financial instruments are presented as *Other derivative contracts*.

Net Investment Hedge

Forward contracts, designated as hedges of net investments in foreign operations with a functional currency other than the functional currency of the Company, have maturities of less than 1 year as at June 30, 2021 (less than 1 year as at December 31, 2020). The effective portion of changes in fair value is recorded in *Other comprehensive income*, as is the foreign currency translation of the net investment in a foreign operation. For the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company did not recognize any ineffectiveness.

Fair Value Hedges

Interest rate risk hedging

The Company entered into a hedging relationship in order to reduce its exposure to interest rate risk related to financial assets classified as available for sale. The Company entered into interest rate swap contracts with maturities ranging from less than 1 year to 14 years as at June 30, 2021 (from 1 year to 14 years as at December 31, 2020).

The Company entered into a hedging relationship in order to reduce its exposure to interest rate risk on financial liabilities classified as financial liabilities at amortized cost. The Company entered into interest rate swap contracts with maturities of less than 1 year to 7 years as at June 30, 2021 (less than 1 year to 8 years as at December 31, 2020).

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company has recognized a gain of \$15 on the hedging instruments (loss of \$27 for the six months ended June 30, 2020) and a loss of \$17 on the hedged items (gain of \$28 for the six months ended June 30, 2020). For the six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company has recognized an ineffectiveness of \$2 (\$1 for the six months ended June 30, 2020).

Currency rate risk hedging

The Company entered into a fair value hedge to manage its exposure to changes in currency rate risk related to financial assets classified as available for sale. The Company entered into forward contracts with maturities of less than 1 year as at June 30, 2021 (less than 2 years as at December 31, 2020). For the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company did not recognize any ineffectiveness.

Cash Flow Hedges

The Company entered into a cash flow hedging relationship in order to manage its exposure to changes in currency rate risk on financial assets denominated in foreign currency. The Company entered into swap contracts that have maturities from less than 1 year to 8 years as at June 30, 2021 (from 2 years to 9 years as at December 31, 2020). For the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company did not recognize any ineffectiveness.

During the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company ended a cash flow hedging relationship which was entered into in 2019 in order to manage its exposure to changes in currency rate risk on forecasted transactions. The Company was using forward contracts that had maturities of less than 1 year. For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company did not recognize any ineffectiveness.

9 > Segregated Funds Net Assets

(in millions of dollars)	As at June 30, 2021	As at December 31, 2020
Assets		
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 1,597	\$ 1,077
Bonds	6,189	6,481
Stocks and investment funds	28,037	25,207
Mortgages	31	27
Investment properties	15	16
Derivative financial instruments	_	26
Other assets	542	155
	36,411	32,989
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	542	185
Derivative financial instruments	32	<u> </u>
	574	185
Net assets	\$ 35,837	\$ 32,804

The following table presents the change in segregated funds net assets:

		Quarters ended June 30								
(in millions of dollars)	202	1	2020		2021		2020			
Balance at beginning	\$ 33,43	7 \$	25,460	\$	32,804	\$	27,868			
Add:										
Amounts received from policyholders	1,95	1	1,046		4,064		2,824			
Interest and dividends	10	5	155		212		279			
Net realized gains	36	1	137		738		213			
Net increase (decrease) in fair value	1,25	1	2,370		1,191		(804)			
	37,10	5	29,168		39,009		30,380			
Less:										
Amounts withdrawn by policyholders	1,10	3	539		2,862		1,625			
Operating expenses	16)	124		310		250			
	1,26	3	663		3,172		1,875			
Balance at end	\$ 35,83	7 \$	28,505	\$	35,837	\$	28,505			

10 > Debentures

On February 21, 2020, the Company issued subordinated debentures in the amount of \$400 maturing February 21, 2030, bearing interest of 2.40%, payable semi-annually from August 21, 2020 to February 21, 2025, and variable interest equal to the three-month Canadian Dollar Offered Rate (CDOR), plus 0.71%, payable quarterly, commencing May 21, 2025 until February 21, 2030. These subordinated debentures are redeemable by the Company starting February 21, 2025, in whole or in part, subject to prior approval by the Autorité des marchés financiers (AMF). The carrying value of the debentures includes transaction costs and an issuance discount which are amortized for a total of \$2.

11 > Share Capital

The share capital issued by the Company is as follows:

	As at June 30	As at December 31, 2020					
(in millions of dollars, unless otherwise indicated)	Number of shares (in thousands)						
Common shares							
Balance at beginning	107,064	\$ 1,674	106,966	\$	1,666		
Shares issued on exercise of stock options	399	21	185		9		
Shares redeemed			(87)		(1)		
Balance at end	107,463	\$ 1,695	107,064	\$	1,674		

Stock Option Plan

As at June 30, 2021, the number of outstanding stock options (in thousands) was 1,876 (1,965 as at December 31, 2020). For the six months ended June 30, 2021, the Company granted (in thousands) 310 stock options exercisable at \$58.55 (285 stock options exercisable at \$73.93 for the year ended December 31, 2020).

Normal Course Issuer Bid Redemption

During the year ended December 31, 2019, with the approval of the Toronto Stock Exchange, the Board of Directors renewed the Normal Course Issuer Bid redemption and authorized the Company to purchase, in the normal course of its activities, from November 12, 2019 to November 11, 2020, up to 5,335,397 common shares, representing approximately 5% of its 106,707,949 common shares issued and outstanding as at November 1, 2019. For the six months ended June 30, 2020, a total of 86,872 common shares were purchased and cancelled for a net cash amount of \$4, of which \$1 was recorded against share capital and \$3 against retained earnings. On March 13, 2020, redemptions were suspended in accordance with instructions from regulatory authorities. As at June 30, 2021, no Normal Course Issuer Bid redemption was in effect.

Dividends

		Quarter	s end	ed Jur	ne 30			Six mo	nths en	ded Jı	une 30	
	20	21			202	20	20	21			202	20
(in millions of dollars, unless otherwise indicated)	Total	Per sh (in doll			Total	Per share (in dollars)	Total		share ollars)		Total	Per share (in dollars)
Common shares	\$ 52	\$ (0.49	\$	52	\$ 0.49	\$ 104	\$	0.97	\$	104	\$ 0.97

Dividends Declared and Not Recognized on Common Shares

A dividend of 0.485 dollars per share was approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on July 29, 2021. This dividend was not recorded as a liability in these Financial Statements. This dividend will be paid on September 15, 2021 to the shareholders of record as of August 20, 2021, date on which it will be recognized in the equity of the Company.

Dividend Reinvestment and Share Purchase Plan

The Company offers a Dividend Reinvestment and Share Purchase Plan to its common shareholders. Dividends on common shares are deducted from equity in the period in which they were authorized. The common shares issued under the plan will be purchased on the secondary market.

12 > Preferred Shares Issued by a Subsidiary

Preferred shares issued by iA Insurance, a subsidiary of the Company, are the following:

	As at June 30,	As at December 31, 2020			
(in millions of dollars, unless otherwise indicated)	Number of shares (in thousands)	Amount	Number of shares (in thousands)	А	mount
Preferred shares, Class A, issued by iA Insurance					
Balance at beginning and at end	21,000	\$ 525	21,000	\$	525

Dividends

		Quai	rters end	led Ju	ıne 30				Six m	onths en	nded J	une 30		
	20	21			202	20		20	21			202	20	
(in millions of dollars, unless otherwise indicated)	Total		r share Iollars)		Total		r share dollars)	Total		r share lollars)		Total		r share dollars)
Preferred shares, issued by iA Insurance														
Class A – Series B	\$ 1	\$	0.29	\$	1	\$	0.29	\$ 3	\$	0.58		3	\$	0.58
Class A – Series G	2		0.23		3		0.23	4		0.47		5		0.47
Class A – Series I	2		0.30		1		0.30	4		0.60		3		0.60
Total	\$ 5			\$	5			\$ 11			\$	11		

13 > Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

(in millions of dollars)	В	onds	s	tocks	inve	Other ested esets	rency lation	He	dging	Total
Balance as at December 31, 2020	\$	136	\$	6	\$	_	\$ (30)	\$	(29)	\$ 83
Unrealized gains (losses)		(72)		27		(1)	_		_	(46)
Income taxes on unrealized gains (losses)		17		(7)		_	_		_	10
Other		_		_		_	(62)		43	(19)
Income taxes on other		_		_		_	_		(6)	(6)
		(55)		20		(1)	(62)		37	(61)
Realized losses (gains)		(19)		_		_	_		_	(19)
Income taxes on realized losses (gains)		5		_		_	_		_	5
		(14)		_		_	_		_	(14)
Balance as at June 30, 2021		67		26		(1)	(92)		8	8
Balance as at December 31, 2019		73		(8)		_	73		(82)	56
Unrealized gains (losses)		118		15		_	_		_	133
Income taxes on unrealized gains (losses)		(31)		(3)		_	_		_	(34)
Other		_		_		_	(103)		63	(40)
Income taxes on other		_		_		_	_		(10)	(10)
		87		12			(103)		53	49
Realized losses (gains)		(32)		2		_	_		_	(30)
Income taxes on realized losses (gains)		8		_		_	_		_	8
		(24)		2		_	_		_	(22)
Balance as at December 31, 2020		136		6		_	(30)		(29)	83
Balance as at December 31, 2019		73		(8)			73		(82)	 56
Unrealized gains (losses)		79		(43)		_	_		_	36
Income taxes on unrealized gains (losses)		(20)		11		_	_		_	(9)
Other		_		_		_	72		(24)	48
Income taxes on other									4	 4
		59		(32)		_	72		(20)	 79
Realized losses (gains)		(17)		(1)		_	_		_	(18)
Income taxes on realized losses (gains)		4		_		_	_		_	4
		(13)		(1)		_	_		_	(14)
Balance as at June 30, 2020	\$	119	\$	(41)	\$	_	\$ 145	\$	(102)	\$ 121

14 > Capital Management

Regulatory Requirements and Solvency Ratio

The Company is committed to respecting certain requirements of the guideline on capital adequacy requirements for life insurers (CARLI).

According to CARLI, many items are included in the solvency ratio:

The available capital represents the total Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital, less other deductions prescribed by the AMF.

Tier 1 capital contains more permanent equity items and is primarily composed of equity attributable to common shareholders and preferred shares. Goodwill and other intangible assets are deducted from this category.

Tier 2 capital is primarily composed of subordinated debentures.

The surplus allowance is the value of specific provisions for adverse deviations included in insurance contract liabilities.

The eligible deposits are amounts related to unregistered reinsurance agreements, which are deposited in guarantee instruments.

The base solvency buffer is determined according to five risk categories, namely credit risk, market risk, insurance risk, segregated funds guarantee risk and operational risk. These risk components are calculated using various methods and consider the risks associated to asset and liability elements that are on and off the Statement of Financial Position. The base solvency buffer represents the sum of risk components minus some credits (for example, between-risk diversification and adjustable products) multiplied by a scalar of 1.05.

The CARLI total ratio is calculated by dividing the sum of the available capital, the surplus allowance and the eligible deposits by the base solvency buffer.

According to the AMF guideline, the Company must set a target level of available capital that exceeds the minimum requirements. The guideline also stipulates that most of the available capital must be Tier 1, which absorbs the losses related to current operations.

The Company manages its capital on a consolidated basis. As at June 30, 2021, the Company maintains a ratio that satisfies the regulatory requirements.

(in millions of dollars, unless otherwise indicated)	June 30, 2021
Available Capital	
Tier 1 Capital	\$ 3,049
Tier 2 Capital	1,822
Surplus allowance and eligible deposits	5,189
Total	\$ 10,060
Base solvency buffer	\$ 7,716
Total ratio	130%

As at December 31, 2020, the solvency ratio was 130% and the Company maintained a ratio that satisfied the regulatory requirements.

15 > General Expenses

Impairment of Goodwill

As at March 31, 2020, as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic described in Note 2, the Company reviewed the financial projections of PPI Management Inc. Further to this review, an impairment test was performed with respect to PPI Management Inc.'s operations included in the Individual Insurance sector cash-generating units (CGU). This led the Company to recognize an impairment of goodwill of \$24. This amount was recognized in the Income Statement in *General expenses*. The recoverable amount of the CGU is determined by the higher of value in use and fair value less costs of sale which, as of March 31, 2020, was the value in use, determined using cash flow projections before tax based on future financial projections approved by management covering a five-year period.

iA Financial Group – iA Financial Corporation Inc.

16 > Income Taxes

The effective income tax rate differs from the Canadian statutory tax rate due to the following items:

	Qua	arters end	ed June	e 30		Six r	nonths en	ded .	June 30	
(in millions of dollars, unless otherwise indicated)	2021			2020		2021			2020	1
Income before income taxes	\$ 304		\$ 24	47		\$ 537		\$	291	
Income tax expense at Canadian statutory tax rate	81	26 %	(66	27 %	142	26 %		78	27 %
Increase (decrease) in income taxes due to:										
Differences in tax rates on income not subject to tax in Canada	(2)	(1)%		_	— %	(3)	(1)%		(1)	— %
Tax-exempt investment income	(16)	(5)%		(8)	(3)%	(23)	(4)%		(29)	(10)%
Non-deductible (non-taxable) portion of the change in fair value of investment properties	(1)	- %		3	1 %	1	- %		7	2 %
Adjustments of previous years	7	3 %	('	10)	(4)%	7	2 %		(11)	(4)%
Variation in tax rates	(1)	— %		_	— %	1	— %		(1)	— %
Other	1	- %		1	- %	3	1 %		7	2 %
Income tax expense (recovery) and effective income tax rate	\$ 69	23 %	\$ 5	52	21 %	\$ 128	24 %	\$	50	17 %

17 > Segmented Information

The Company operates and manages its activities according to five main reportable operating segments, which reflect its company structure for decision making. Management makes judgments in the aggregation of business units into the Company's operating segments. Its products and services are offered to retail customers, businesses and groups. The Company primarily operates in Canada and the United States. The main products and services offered by each segment are the following:

Individual Insurance - Life, health, disability and mortgage insurance products.

Individual Wealth Management – Individual products and services for savings plans, retirement funds and segregated funds, in addition to securities brokerage, trust operations and mutual funds.

Group Insurance – Life, health, accidental death and dismemberment, dental care and short and long-term disability insurance products for employee plans; creditor insurance, replacement insurance, replacement warranties, extended warranties and other ancillary products for dealer services; and specialized products for special markets.

Group Savings and Retirement - Group products and services for savings plans, retirement funds and segregated funds.

US Operations - Miscellaneous insurance products sold in the United States such as life insurance products and extended warranties relating to dealer services.

Other – Auto and home insurance products, services supporting the activities that have no link with key segments such as asset management and financing, Company capital and some adjustments related to consolidation.

The Company makes judgments and uses assumptions and methodologies to allocate general expenses that are not directly attributable to a business segment. The allocation of other activities is mainly performed according to a formula based on equity and is uniformly applied to each operating segment.

The other assets and other liabilities, except mainly for derivative financial instruments, are classified in their entirety in the Other column since they are used for the operational support of the Company's activities.

Segmented Income Statements

					Q	uarter	ended	June 3	0, 202 [.]	1		
		Indi	vidual			Gro	oup					
(in millions of dollars)	Inst	ırance	Mana	Wealth gement	Insu	ırance		avings and ement	Oper	US ations	Other	Total
Revenues												
Net premiums	\$	445	\$	1,266	\$	429	\$	668	\$	195	\$ 101	\$ 3,104
Investment income		1,413		30		55		111		80	41	1,730
Other revenues		33		434		19		27		59	(62)	510
		1,891		1,730		503		806		334	80	5,344
Operating expenses												
Gross benefits and claims on contracts		206		594		299		367		154	13	1,633
Ceded benefits and claims on contracts		(71)		_		(13)		(6)		(102)	27	(165)
Net transfer to segregated funds		_		672		_		173		_	_	845
Increase (decrease) in insurance contract liabilities		1,441		3		9		235		101	_	1,789
Increase (decrease) in investment contract liabilities		_		_		7		_		_	_	7
Decrease (increase) in reinsurance assets		(50)		_		_		_		(22)	_	(72)
Commissions, general and other expenses		252		380		151		32		167	2	984
Financing charges		2		1		9		_		_	7	19
		1,780		1,650		462		801		298	49	5,040
Income before income taxes and allocation of other activities		111		80		41		5		36	31	304
Allocation of other activities		27		4		_		4		(4)	(31)	_
Income before income taxes		138		84		41		9		32	_	304
Income taxes		24		23		15		2		5	_	69
Net income		114		61		26		7		27	_	235
Net income attributed to participating policyholders		(1)		_		_		_		_	_	(1)
Net income attributed to shareholders	\$	115	\$	61	\$	26	\$	7	\$	27	\$ _	\$ 236

Quarter ended June 30, 2020

					· ·	zuai lei e	enueu	Julie 30	, 2020			
		Indiv	/idual			Gro	up					
(in millions of dollars)	Insi	urance	Mana	Wealth agement	Insi	urance		avings and ement	Ope	US rations	Other	Total
Revenues												
Net premiums	\$	394	\$	774	\$	366	\$	354	\$	150	\$ 75	\$ 2,113
Investment income		3,727		(72)		91		277		92	40	4,155
Other revenues		28		370		9		25		35	(51)	416
		4,149		1,072		466		656		277	64	6,684
Operating expenses												
Gross benefits and claims on contracts		198		339		279		272		132	_	1,220
Ceded benefits and claims on contracts		(64)		_		(18)		(7)		(77)	29	(137)
Net transfer to segregated funds		_		423		_		101		_	_	524
Increase (decrease) in insurance contract liabilities		3,732		(72)		22		254		81	1	4,018
Increase (decrease) in investment contract liabilities		_		_		21		_		_	_	21
Decrease (increase) in reinsurance assets		(27)		_		1		1		7	(1)	(19)
Commissions, general and other expenses		204		320		121		26		129	(9)	791
Financing charges		3		1		8		_		_	7	19
		4,046		1,011		434		647		272	27	6,437
Income before income taxes and allocation of other activities		103		61		32		9		5	37	247
Allocation of other activities		27		4		_		1		5	(37)	_
Income before income taxes		130		65		32		10		10	_	247
Income taxes		22		28		2		(2)		2	_	52
Net income		108		37		30		12		8	_	195
Net income attributed to participating policyholders		7		_		_		_		_	_	7
Net income attributed to shareholders	\$	101	\$	37	\$	30	\$	12	\$	8	\$ 	\$ 188

Six months ended June 30, 2021

	دالم ما ا												
	inai	/idual			Gro	up							
Insu	rance	Mana	Wealth gement	Inst	ırance		and	Oper	US ations		Other		Total
\$	864	\$	2,872	\$	828	\$	1,328	\$	394	\$	193	\$	6,479
(1,643)		(155)		38		(97)		(39)		76	((1,820)
	62		848		36		57		126		(113)		1,016
	(717)		3,565		902		1,288		481		156		5,675
	450		1,221		602		1,655		305		24		4,257
	(159)		_		(24)		(12)		(199)		54		(340)
	_		1,647		_		(391)		_		_		1,256
(1,624)		(226)		(34)		(49)		(99)		1	((2,031)
	_				(7)		_		_		_		(7)
	(73)				1		3		52		(1)		(18)
	486		780		291		67		355		5		1,984
	3		1		17		_		1		15		37
	(917)		3,423		846		1,273		415		98		5,138
	200		142		56		15		66		58		537
	48		11		2		5		(8)		(58)		_
	248		153		58		20		58		_		537
	54		40		18		5		11		_		128
	194		113		40		15		47		_		409
	(6)		_		_		_		_		_		(6)
\$	200	\$	113	\$	40	\$	15	\$	47	\$	_	\$	415
	\$	\$ 864 (1,643) 62 (717) 450 (159) — (1,624) — (73) 486 3 (917) 200 48 248 54	\$ 864 \$ (1,643) 62 (717) 450 (159) — (1,624) — (73) 486 3 (917) 200 48 248 54 194 (6)	Section	\$ 864 \$ 2,872 \$ (1,643) (155) 62 848 (717) 3,565 \$ (159) — 1,647 (1,624) (226) — (73) — 486 780 3 1 (917) 3,423 \$ (200 142 48 11 248 153 54 40 194 113 (6) —	Note	Nealth Insurance Nealth Insurance Nealth Insurance Nealth Insurance Nealth Nealth	Nealth Insurance Savings and Retirement	Nealth Insurance Savings and Retirement Oper	Name	National National	Note	Savings and Savings and

Six months ended June 30, 2020

					OI.	A IIIOIIUI	o criuc	u Julie c	JU, ZU	20		
		Indi	vidual			Gro	up					
(in millions of dollars)	Insu	rance	Mana	Wealth agement	Ins	urance		avings and rement	Ope	US rations	Other	Total
Revenues												
Net premiums	\$	791	\$	1,852	\$	790	\$	987	\$	288	\$ 160	\$ 4,868
Investment income		2,481		255		107		229		146	80	3,298
Other revenues		57		746		30		52		67	(96)	856
		3,329		2,853		927		1,268		501	144	9,022
Operating expenses												
Gross benefits and claims on contracts		427		896		574		658		257	21	2,833
Ceded benefits and claims on contracts		(127)		_		(31)		(13)		(151)	51	(271
Net transfer to segregated funds		_		848		_		364		_	_	1,212
Increase (decrease) in insurance contract liabilities		2,497		404		32		186		196	1	3,316
Increase (decrease) in investment contract liabilities		_		_		22		_		_	_	22
Decrease (increase) in reinsurance assets		(39)		_		4		2		(60)	(1)	(94
Commissions, general and other expenses		448		671		272		54		242	(10)	1,677
Financing charges		8		1		16		_		_	11	36
		3,214		2,820		889		1,251		484	73	8,731
Income before income taxes and allocation of other activities		115		33		38		17		17	71	291
Allocation of other activities		52		6		1		2		10	(71)	_
Income before income taxes		167		39		39		19		27	_	291
Income taxes		19		25		1		(1)		6	 	 50
Net income		148		14		38		20		21	_	241
Net income attributed to participating policyholders		8		_		_		_		_	_	8
Net income attributed to shareholders	\$	140	\$	14	\$	38	\$	20	\$	21	\$ 	\$ 233

Segmented Premiums

Quarter ended June 30, 2021

				_	,		• • • •	-,	•				
	Indiv	/idual			Gro	oup							
Insura	ance			Insı	ırance		and	Opei	US rations		Other		Total
\$	553	\$	220	\$	458	\$	212	\$	367	\$	41	\$	1,851
	_		1,046		_		463		_		_		1,509
	553		1,266		458		675		367		41		3,360
	(108)		_		(29)		(7)		(172)		60		(256)
\$	445	\$	1,266	\$	429	\$	668	\$	195	\$	101	\$	3,104
	Insura \$	\$ 553 — 553 (108)	\$ 553 \$ — 553 (108)	Wealth Insurance Management	Individual Wealth Insurance Management Insurance Management Insurance \$ 553 \$ 220 \$	Individual Grown Wealth Insurance Wealth Insurance S 553 \$ 220 \$ 458 -	Individual Group Sawarance Wealth Insurance Management Insurance Retirement Retirement Retirement Sawarance Retirement Insurance Retirement Sawarance Retirement Insurance Retirement Retirement Insurance Retirement Insurance Retirement Retirement Insurance Insurance Insurance Retirement Insurance Insurance Retirement Insurance Insurance Insurance Insurance Retirement Insurance Insurance	Individual Group Wealth Insurance Wealth Management Insurance Savings and Retirement \$ 553 \$ 220 \$ 458 \$ 212 — 1,046 — 463 553 1,266 458 675 (108) — (29) (7)	Individual Group Savings and Insurance Management Insurance Retirement Operation Operation	Insurance Wealth Insurance Insurance Savings and Retirement US Operations \$ 553 \$ 220 \$ 458 \$ 212 \$ 367 — 1,046 — 463 — 553 1,266 458 675 367 (108) — (29) (7) (172)	Individual Group Savings and US Retirement Operations Savings and Retirement Operations Savings and Retirement Operations Savings and US Retirement Operations Savings and US Operations Ope	Individual Group Savings and Insurance Management Insurance Retirement Operations Other	Individual Group Savings and US Other

					(Quarter e	ended	June 30	, 2020	1		
		Indiv	ridual			Gro	up					
(in millions of dollars)	Insur	ance		Wealth gement	Ins	urance		avings and rement	Ope	US rations	Other	Total
Gross premiums												
Invested in general fund	\$	493	\$	174	\$	397	\$	72	\$	280	\$ 14	\$ 1,430
Invested in segregated funds		_		600		_		289		_	_	 889
		493		774		397		361		280	14	2,319
Premiums ceded												
Invested in general fund		(99)				(31)		(7)		(130)	61	(206)
Net premiums	\$	394	\$	774	\$	366	\$	354	\$	150	\$ 75	\$ 2,113

					Six	months	s end	ed June	30, 20)21		
		Indiv	/idual			Gro	up					
(in millions of dollars)	Insu	rance		Wealth gement	Insu	ırance		avings and rement	Oper	US rations	Other	Total
Gross premiums												
Invested in general fund	\$	1,071	\$	449	\$	883	\$	251	\$	736	\$ 76	\$ 3,466
Invested in segregated funds		_		2,423		_		1,090		_	_	3,513
		1,071		2,872		883		1,341		736	76	6,979
Premiums ceded												
Invested in general fund		(207)		_		(55)		(13)		(342)	117	(500
Net premiums	\$	864	\$	2,872	\$	828	\$	1,328	\$	394	\$ 193	\$ 6,479
					Six	months	s ende	ed June :	30, 202	20		
		Indiv	vidual			Gro	up					
				141141-			(Savings		110		

(in millions of dollars)	Insur	rance	Mana	Wealth gement	Inst	urance	Savings and rement	Оре	US erations	Other	Total
Gross premiums											
Invested in general fund	\$	980	\$	380	\$	856	\$ 120	\$	537	\$ 43	\$ 2,916
Invested in segregated funds		_		1,472		_	881		_	_	2,353
		980		1,852		856	1,001		537	43	5,269
Premiums ceded											
Invested in general fund		(189)		_		(66)	(14)		(249)	117	(401)
Net premiums	\$	791	\$	1,852	\$	790	\$ 987	\$	288	\$ 160	\$ 4,868

Segmented Assets and Liabilities

					Asa	at June 30, 20	21			
	Indi	vidual			Gro	oup				
(in millions of dollars)	Insurance	Mana	Wealth agement	Ins	urance	Savings and Retirement	Оре	US erations	Other	Total
Assets										
Invested assets	\$ 24,923	\$	2,001	\$	1,975	\$ 4,823	\$	1,380	\$ 8,673	\$ 43,775
Segregated funds net assets	<u> </u>		22,021		_	13,816		_	_	35,837
Reinsurance assets	39		_		223	126		1,815	(146)	2,057
Other	111		1,094		_	_		109	6,014	7,328
Total assets	\$ 25,073	\$	25,116	\$	2,198	\$ 18,765	\$	3,304	\$ 14,541	\$ 88,997
Liabilities										
Insurance contract liabilities and investment contract liabilities	\$ 24,028	\$	2,023	\$	2,238	\$ 4,982	\$	1,842	\$ (107)	\$ 35,006
Liabilities related to segregated funds net assets			22,021		_	13,816				35,837
Other	490		54		3	7		_	10,695	11,249
Total liabilities	\$ 24,518	\$	24,098	\$	2,241	\$ 18,805	\$	1,842	\$ 10,588	\$ 82,092
					As at I	December 31,	2020			
	Indi	vidual			Gro	oup				
			147 111			Savings		110		
(in millions of dollars)	Insurance	Man	Wealth agement	Ins	surance	and Retirement	Ор	US erations	Other	Total
Assets										
Invested assets	\$ 25,922	\$	2,145	\$	1,969	\$ 4,949	\$	1,347	\$ 8,815	\$ 45,147
Segregated funds net assets	—		19,240		_	13,564		_	_	32,804
Reinsurance assets	(36)		_		222	130		1,805	(140)	1,981
Other	109		1,096		_	_		74	5,255	6,534
Total assets	\$ 25,995	\$	22,481	\$	2,191	\$ 18,643	\$	3,226	\$ 13,930	\$ 86,466
Liabilities										
Insurance contract liabilities and investment contract liabilities	\$ 25,661	\$	2,246	\$	2,272	\$ 5,030	\$	2,003	\$ (110)	\$ 37,102
Liabilities related to segregated funds net assets	—		19,240		_	13,564		_		32,804
Other	441		47		3	8		_	9,548	10,047
Total liabilities	\$ 26,102	\$	21,533	\$	2,275	\$ 18,602	\$	2,003	\$ 9,438	\$ 79,953

18 > Earnings Per Common Share

Basic Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net income attributed to common shareholders by the weighted average number of outstanding common shares during the period.

		Quarters ended June 30					Six months ended June 30				
(in millions of dollars, unless otherwise indicated)	2021		2020		2021		_	2020			
Net income attributed to common shareholders	\$	231	\$	183	\$	404	\$	222			
Weighted average number of outstanding shares (in millions of units)		107		107		107		107			
Basic earnings per share (in dollars)	\$	2.16	\$	1.71	\$	3.77	\$	2.07			

Diluted Earnings Per Share

Diluted earnings per share are calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of outstanding common shares to take into account the conversion of all potentially dilutive common shares.

The dilutive effect of stock options considers the number of shares presumed issued without consideration, calculated as the difference between the number of shares deemed to have been issued (by assuming the outstanding stock option grants are exercised) and the number of shares that would have been issued at the average market price for the year (the number of shares that would have been issued using the issuance proceeds, using the average market price of the Company's common shares for the period). For the quarter and for the six months ended June 30, 2021, an average of 41,832 and 51,399 antidilutive stock options respectively (555,361 options for the quarter and 315,584 options for the six months ended June 30, 2020) were excluded from the calculation.

	G	uarters e June 3		Six	d							
(in millions of dollars, unless otherwise indicated)	2021		2021 2020		ns of dollars, unless otherwise indicated) 2021		2021 2020		2020 2021		20	
Net income attributed to common shareholders	\$	231	\$	183	\$	404	\$	222				
Weighted average number of outstanding shares (in millions of units)		107		107		107		107				
Add: dilutive effect of stock options granted and outstanding (in millions of units)		1		_		1		_				
Weighted average number of outstanding shares on a diluted basis (in millions of units)		108		107		108		107				
Diluted earnings per share (in dollars)	\$	2.15	\$	1.71	\$	3.76	\$	2.07				

There was no transaction on common shares that could affect these calculations after the closing date and before the date of authorization for issue of these Financial Statements.

19 > Post-Employment Benefits

The Company maintains a funded defined benefit plan and a number of unfunded plans that provide pension benefits and defined contribution plans.

The Company also provides other post-retirement benefits. These include additional health care benefits, life insurance and dental benefits. The Company also provides post-employment benefits such as salary continuation for short-term disabilities.

Amounts Recognized in Net Income and Other Comprehensive Income

	Quarters ended June 30									
		202	1		2020					
(in millions of dollars)	Pension plans		Other plans		s Pension plans		Other	plans		
Current service cost	\$	17	\$	_	\$	15	\$	1		
Net interest		3		1		2		1		
Administrative expense		1		_		1		_		
Components of the cost of defined benefits recognized in the net income		21		1		18		2		
Remeasurement of net liabilities (assets) as defined benefits ¹										
Rate of return on assets (excluding amounts included in the net interest above)		(79)		_		(181)		_		
Actuarial losses (gains) on financial assumption changes		26		(1)		347		3		
Losses (gains) on components of the cost of defined benefits recognized in other comprehensive income		(53)		(1)		166		3		
Total of defined benefit cost components	\$	(32)	\$	_	\$	184	\$	5		

¹ Changes in financial assumptions and assumptions on rate of return on assets, which represent market-based assumptions, are reviewed on a quarterly basis. All other assumptions are reviewed on an annual basis.

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Six months ended June 30

		2021				2020			
(in millions of dollars)	Pension	Pension plans		olans	Pension plans		Other	plans	
Current service cost		34	\$	1	\$	30	\$	2	
Net interest		5		1		4		1	
Administrative expense		1		_		1			
Components of the cost of defined benefits recognized in the net income		40		2		35		3	
Remeasurement of net liabilities (assets) as defined benefits ¹									
Rate of return on assets (excluding amounts included in the net interest above)		27		_		(19)		_	
Actuarial losses (gains) on financial assumption changes		(233)		(3)		94		1	
Losses (gains) on components of the cost of defined benefits recognized in other comprehensive income		(206)		(3)		75		1	
Total of defined benefit cost components	\$	(166)	\$	(1)	\$	110	\$	4	

¹ Changes in financial assumptions and assumptions on rate of return on assets, which represent market-based assumptions, are reviewed on a quarterly basis. All other assumptions are reviewed on an annual basis

Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to net income

		30						
(in millions of dollars) Losses (gains) on components of the cost of defined benefits recognized in other comprehensive income			2020					
	Pension plans		Other plans		Pension plans		Other	plans
Remeasurement of post-employment benefits	\$	(53)	\$	(1)	\$	166	\$	3
Income taxes on remeasurement of post-employment benefits		14		_		(43)		(1)
Total of other comprehensive income	\$	(39)	\$	(1)	\$	123	\$	2

		30						
	2021				2020			
(in millions of dollars)		Pension plans Other pla		plans	Pension	Other	plans	
Losses (gains) on components of the cost of defined benefits recognized in other comprehensive income								
Remeasurement of post-employment benefits	\$	(206)	\$	(3)	\$	75	\$	1
Income taxes on remeasurement of post-employment benefits		54		1		(20)		
Total of other comprehensive income	\$	(152)	\$	(2)	\$	55	\$	1

20 > Commitments

Investment Commitments

In the normal course of the Company's business, various outstanding contractual commitments related to offers for commercial loans, private placements, joint ventures and real estate are not reflected in the financial statements and may not be fulfilled. There were \$623 (\$773 as at December 31, 2020) of outstanding commitments as at June 30, 2021, of which the estimated disbursements will be \$16 (\$72 as at December 31, 2020) in 30 days, \$295 (\$308 as at December 31, 2020) in 31 to 365 days and \$312 (\$393 as at December 31, 2020) in more than one year.

Letters of Credit

In the normal course of operations, banks issue letters of credit on behalf of the Company. As at June 30, 2021, the balance of these letters is \$2 (\$7 as at December 31, 2020).

Lines of Credit

As at June 30, 2021, the Company had operating lines of credit totalling \$56 (\$56 as at December 31, 2020). As at June 30, 2021 and 2020, no lines of credit were used. The purpose of these lines of credit is to facilitate financing of the Company's operations and meet its temporary working capital requirements.